Community-Based Flood Management: Step by Step

STEP 1: Design

the process

STEP 2: Assess vulnerability and risk



STEP 3: Analyze



STEP 4:

Set goals



STEP 5:

Draft an action plan



STEP 6:

Implement in stages (prevention, preparedness, response, recovery)





Identify stakeholders and their activities. knowledge and resources



Create a shared vision through a participatory process



Use a two-way public awareness campaign to keep the community engaged



Identify information requirements and develop a data

collection methodology



Use historical and local knowledge of the community



Take an inventory of land-use practices, resource locations and natural courses of rivers



Use a multihazard perspective to assess hazards



Assess flood vulnerability



Align identified risks with risks perceived by stakeholders



Identify at risk communities and support community level risk assessment



Assess capacities of community members and institutions



Identify positive and negative human factors contributing to flooding



Identify floodplain areas in terms of risk level

according to different flood magnitudes



Determine objectives based on risk assessment results and vision



Decide on the scope of community activities



Take note of regional development objectives

like securing livelihoods and preserving the environment





Develop an action plan

with clear roles, activities and responsibilities



Set the timeline and expected results



Carry out an economic analysis and financing

arrangements



Set procedures for monitoring. evaluation and review



Share the draft plan with the community



Conduct mock drills to optimize plan



Approve the plan through community consultation



Form and strengthen community institutions



Implement short-, mediumand long-term activities



Monitor, evaluate and keep improving participation



Keep updating assessments using a participatory process





